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(3) First-class European passengers may be placed in quarantine, a mile from the town, if they should judge it advisable, on account of the absence of sufficient provisions on the island. The cargo will be kept on board twenty-four hours, and then submitted to fumigation.

The regulations were transmitted previously to Bender Abbas and Lingah, but the governor insists upon the difficulty of executing them, on account of the want of competent sanitary officers, and asks that European doctors be sent to these two posts. Information of the adoption of these measures has been communicated to Jask and Mohamrah, and recommended to the Sultan of Muscat.

November 13, 67 new cases and 55 deaths.

November 20, 84 new cases and 57 deaths.

DR. SCHNEIDER.

TEHERAN, *November 21, 1896.*

WEST INDIES.

Quarantine declared by Barbados against Curacao and Haiti.

BARBADOS, *December 19, 1896.*

SIR: In consequence of the prevalence of yellow fever at Curacao, and the ports of Haiti, those places have been declared infected places within the provisions of the quarantine act of this island. Quarantine is also in force here against Rio Janeiro, Santos, and Pernambuco. Quarantine against Martinique removed on 14th instant. The public health of this island is excellent.

Yours, etc.,

JAS. SANDERSON,
Clerk, Quarantine Board.

STATISTICAL REPORTS.

ARGENTINA—*Buenos Ayres.*—Month of October, 1896. Estimated population, 701,326. Total deaths, 1,228, including smallpox, 6; enteric fever, 11; scarlet fever, 5; diphtheria, 28; measles, 12, and whooping cough, 10.

AUSTRALIA—*New South Wales—Sydney.*—Month of October, 1896. Estimated population, 408,500. Total deaths, 389, including enteric fever, 3; scarlet fever, 4, and diphtheria, 4.

Queensland—*Brisbane.*—Month of October, 1896. Estimated population, 93,657. Total deaths, 89. No deaths reported from contagious diseases.

BAHAMA ISLANDS—*Dunmore Town.*—Two weeks ended January 1, 1897. Estimated population, 1,472. One death reported.

Governors Harbor.—Two weeks ended January 2, 1897. Estimated population, 1,500. No deaths.

Green Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Two weeks ended December 17, 1896. Estimated population, 3,900. No deaths.

BRAZIL—*Ceara.*—Month of November, 1896. Estimated population, 44,000. Total deaths, 136.

CANADA—*Ontario—Hamilton.*—Month of December, 1896. Estimated population, 50,000. Total deaths, 61. No deaths reported from contagious diseases.

Nova Scotia—Windsor.—Month of December, 1896. Estimated population, 3,000. Total deaths, 6. No deaths from contagious diseases.

Manitoba—Winnipeg.—Month of December, 1896. Total deaths, 41, including scarlet fever, 25; diphtheria, 5, and whooping cough, 1.

CUBA—Guantanamo.—Month of November, 1896. Estimated population not reported. Total deaths, 119, including yellow fever, 10, and smallpox, 6.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 33 great towns of England and Wales during the week ended December 26, correspond to an annual rate of 17 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 10,846,971. The highest rate was recorded in Plymouth, viz, 31.8, and the lowest in Croydon, viz, 11 a thousand.

London.—One thousand two hundred and seventy-nine deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 9; scarlet fever, 12; diphtheria, 38; whooping cough, 14; enteric fever, 9, and diarrhea and dysentery, 6. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 15.1 a thousand. In greater London 1,666 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 14.1 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 14 from diphtheria, 3 from measles, 9 from whooping cough, and 4 from scarlet fever.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended December 26 in the 16 principal town districts of Ireland was 24.9 a thousand of the population. The lowest rate was recorded in Galway, viz, 3.8, and the highest in Armagh, viz, 56.1 a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 178 deaths were registered, including scarlet fever, 3; measles, 2, and whooping cough, 15.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended December 26 correspond to an annual rate of 22.1 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,518,347. The lowest mortality was recorded in Perth, viz, 12, and the highest in Glasgow, viz, 26 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 644, including scarlet fever, 8; diphtheria, 4; measles, 48; whooping cough, 26, and smallpox, 1.